# Witnessing to Jehovah's Witnesses and the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society

# **A Brief History**

#### Charles Taze Rus sell (President, 1879-1916)

Russell (1852-1916), founder of this cult in 1879, was raised a Con gre ga tion al ist but copied many Adventest teachings and rejected Biblical teaching of eternal tor ment. Rus sell founded *The Herald of the Morning* (1879), which de veloped into today's *The Watchtower Announcing Jehovah's Kingdom*. From 6,000 initial is sues, the publication has grown to 17.8 million copies per month in 106 languages. The other Watchtowerperiodical, *Awake!*, has a circulation of 15.6 million per month in thirty-four languages.

In 1884, "Pas tor" Rus sell in cor po rated "Zion's Watch Tower Tract Society" at Pitts burgh, Penn syl vania, which in 1886 pub lished the first in a se ries of seven books (Rus sell wrote six by him self), now entitled *Studies in the Scrip tures* and orig i nally pub lished as *The Millen nial Dawn*. The seventh vol ume, ed ited from his writings after his death and pub lished in 1917, *The Finished Mystery*, caused a split in the organization, which culminated in a clean division, the larger group following J. F. Rutherford, the smaller remaining by it self. This smaller group sub sequently be came "The Dawn Bible Students As sociation."

Rus sell was an ego tist who schemedfor ad vance ment. Rus sell had sold "Miricle Wheat" claim ing that it had been blessed and would bring forth 5 times more wheat; however, the wheat did not grow well. In 1912, J. J. Ross, Pas tor of James Street Baptist Church, Hamilton, Ontario, publically ex posed Rus sell as a fraud prey ing upon the public. Rus sell sued Ross for li bel but lost. In the trial Rus sell fre quently con tra dicted him self, claim ing first to know the Greek al pha bet, then claim ing un der pres sure that he might make mis takes in identify ing the letters, and then finally admitting that he could n't read the al pha bet at all when confronted with a copy of it, prov ing himiself to be a per jurer

Rus sell wrote that it is im possible to under stand God's plan of sal vation in de pend ent of Russellite the ology. Russell also said that if one studies the Bible alone, void of Russell's in ter pre ta tions, that one will walk in dark ness at the end of two years. But Rus sell said there is a ray of hope for all those fool ish enough to study God's Word alone. If all will adopt Russellism as a guide in biblical in terpretation, mankind will enter into a "new" King dom Age; for then, by virtue of the Russell's expositions, true understanding of the Bible's basic doc trines will follow.

Je ho vah's Wit nesses pur sue this same line of theological error to day under the title  $The\ Watch tower Announcing\ Jehovah's\ King\ dom$ .

#### Judge Joseph Franklin Rutherford (President, 1916-1942)

When Rus sell died in 1916, Rutherford de clared that he was the mouth piece of Je ho vah for this age and that God had des ig nated his words as the ex pres sion of di vine mandate, and adopted the name "Je ho vah's Wit nesses" (1931), partly to distinguish Rutherford's group from the splinter groups that arose af ter Rus sell's death.

Many of Rus sell's follow ers left the So ci ety as a re sult of this action by Rutherford, only to be threat ened that they would "suffer de struction" if they did not re pent and rec ognize Je ho vah's will as ex pressed through the So ci ety.

Rutherford led the cult to be called Jehovah's Witnesses, a name taken in 1931 at Co lum bus, Ohio, to differentiate between the Watchtower organization and those who remained as true followers of Rus sell as represented by The Dawn Bible Students and the Laymen's Home Missionary Movement. Under Rutherford's leadership, the "Society" became known by its present common name, "Jehovah's Witnesses," and its corporate name, The Watch tower Bible and Tract Society, with its international of fice in Brook lyn, New York.

Rutherford had been a spe cial judge of the Eighth Ju dicial Cir cuit Court of Boonville, Mis souri. Rutherford also possessed a deep, powerful voice, which was capable of holding large au diences with its cre scendo-like effect. Russell's writings were distributed, some fifteen or twenty million copies of them, over a period of sixty years. Rutherford wrote over one hundred books and pamphlets, and his works as of 1941 had been translated into eighty lan guages.

# Na than Homer Knorr (President, 1942-1977) Frederick W. Franz (President, 1977-1992)

Knorr was elected president immediately after Rutherford's death of can cer in 1942. Knorr was re spon si ble for the Gilead Mis sion ary Training School in South Lan sing, New York. He fol lowed dil i gently in the foot steps of Rus sell and Rutherford. Knorr died in June of 1977, and Fred er ick W. Franz, a long time leader and then vice-president of the So ciety, was elected pres i dent, and pi loted the Watch tower in the pat tern of his pre de ces sors. With each suc ceed ing pres i dent, the con trol of the So ci ety grows stron ger.

#### Mil ton G. Henschel (1992-?)

Vice-President Mil ton G. Henschel be came president when Franz died in 1992. Henschel is even more "team-oriented" than was Franz regarding the highest authority in the Watch tower, the Governing Body. Under the corporate leadership of the Governing Body, the Watchtower publications and meetings have fewer antagonistic denouncements of the less popular Jehovah's Witness distinctives, such as the rejection of birth day cele brations and higher education. The Governing Body has also encouraged a strong evangelistic outreach overseas, the source of the vast major ity of the con verts. The Governing Body had continued the un broken au tocracy of the Society,

consistently condemning any dissension, any criticism, and any doubt on the part of mem bers. Some ob serv ers spec ulate that who ever suc ceeds Henschel will complete the transition from the sole domination leader ship of Rus sell to the anony mous string-pulling of the Governing Body.

# **Today**

To tal mem ber ship in the Watch tower Bi ble and Tract So ci ety as of the end of 1996 was 5,413,769. Of that number, 975,829 are members in the United States. During 1996, United States Wit nesses bap tized only 43,663 converts, while worldwide the convert baptisms numbered 366,579.

Door-to-door "preaching" is an essential part of the works nec es sary for Wit nesses to be saved, and Wit nesses in the United States spent 178,325,740 hours "preach ing," with the world wide to tal in 1996 of more than 1.4 billion hours. "Bi ble" studies, which are ac tu ally book studies for Witnesses and potential converts to learn distinctive Watch tower doc trines and practices, are also es sential for spiritual progress in this system. In 1996 American Jehovah's Witnesses reported conducting 530,200 "Bible" studies, while Jehovah's Witnesses worldwide accumulated more than 4.8 *million* "Bible" studies. The annual "Memorial" service of Jehovah's Witnesses is their unbiblical ver sion of the "Lord's Sup per," and only a minute fraction of the members, the "spiritual class," or "anointed," partake, but all Jehovah's Witnesses and as many friends, rel a tives, and pro spec tive members as pos sible are encouraged to attend. In 1996, al most 13 million peo ple at tended the Me mo rial ser vice. This is a prime recruiting tool, exemplifying the supposed "unity" of the Watch tower So ci ety to a watch ing world.

# Literature

One of the most dis tress ing traits of the Je ho vah's Witnesses is their complete disregard for his torical facts and depend able liter ary. Je ho vah's Witnesses' now deny theological connection whatsoever with "Pastor" Charles T. Russell, their admitted founder and first president of The Watchtower Bible and Tract Society. Since Russell was long ago proven to be a per jurer un der oath, a sworn ad versary of his torical Christianity, and a scholastic fraud, it is obvious why the Witnesses seek to avoid his in fluence and memory when everpossible.

To day, the Watch tower Bi ble and Tract Society is clearly the legacy of Charles Taze Russell and Judge Joseph F. Rutherford. Mag a zine publications of about 832 million combined is sue copies per year, and new book titles each year enjoying publication runs of 3 to 5 million copies each, in dicate that the written word is well exploited by the Society.

The Watchtower pub lishes a variety of Bi ble trans lations in various languages, as well as its own translation (carefully changed from the originals to support peculiar Watch tower doc trine) in Eng lish, the New World Trans lation of the Holy Scrip tures. Greek in ter lin ear New Tes tament publications include The Kingdom Interlinear Translation of the Greek Scriptures (1969, revised in 1985). This interlinear uses the Westcott and Hort Greek text. One of their most important booklets is Reasoning From the Scriptures (1985, revised in 1989), which answers the most commonly challenged Watchtower interpretations and teachings from Scripture.

Since Rutherford's death, all Society publications are is sued with out any author credit or anony mously. The Society position is that this preserves the humility of the contributors and focuses at tention on God's Word and will rather than on the human agency used to communicate that divine truth. Detractors point out that concealing the identity of the authors makes it im possible for any one to evaluate the authors' qualifications, expertise, or authority in the areas in which they write.

The two signature magazines of the Society, *The Watchtower*, published in 125 languages, and *Awake!*, published in eighty-one languages, are published semi-monthly. Figures available for each of the January 1996 is sues of *The Watchtower* (18.9 mil lion copies) and *Awake!* (15.7 million copies) in dicate the wide spread in fluence of the Society.

### **Activities**

The followers of the Watch tower Bible and Tract So ciety are man aged in a closely-controlled, tightly knit or ga niza tional struc ture that is dictated from the Governing Body in Brook lyn, New York, and is not open to any ad aptation or revision from any other authority. The Governing Body is a group of "heav enly class" or "anointed" men (cur rently numbering twelve) presided over by President Henschel.

Pro spec tive mem bers are en cour aged to com mit them selves to the Society as quickly as possible and become mem bers through bap tism by im mer sion at the lo cal congregational level. New members must immediately begin train ing for field work by spend ing time with older members as they con duct their own field work. *Publishers* are Wit nesses who com mit an aver age of 1,200 hours per year in "fieldwork," including door-to-door recruitment, sidewalk soliciting, and "book" studies with prospective and new mem bers. Those who ded i cate a sig nif i cantly greater amount of time than 1,200 hours earn the title *Pioneer*, to distinguish them from mere publishers.

Groups meeting to gether are called *congregations*, but the places where they meet are called *Kingdom Halls*, not churches. Members appointed from higher-up for leader ship are called *Overseers* or *Elders*. The per son who leads the elder meetings is called the *Presiding Overseer* of the congregation. The *Service Overseer* handles service business within the congregation. *Ministerial Servants* are delegated administrative responsibilities as as sistants to the elders.

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Circuits are associations of around twenty congregations, super vised by a Circuit Over seer. Circuits or ganize twice-a-year conventions for their member congregations. Districts are geographical collections of circuits (twenty-two are in the United States). The District Over seer organizes the annual district convention, at which all new teachings and rules from the Governing Body are announced to the members, and at which new publications are presented. Collections of districts are called Branches, collections of branches are Zones, and the Brook lyn Society of fice is called the Head quarters.

Jehovah's Wit nesses have only one day of cer e mony each year, the Me mo rial of Christ's Death at Pass over. At this cer e mony, held in large au di to ri ums, all mem bers are ex pected to be pres ent along with fam ily, friends, and prospec tive mem bers. The el e ments of the Lord's Sup per are passed through the au di ence, but only those of the anointed or heav enly class are al lowed to par take. (That num ber is now fewer than 9,000 worldwide since no one born after 1914 is considered el i gi ble for the class.) Je ho vah's Witnesses reject cel e bration of any other religious, national, or cultural holi days (Christ mas, Easter, birth days, Sab bath or Sunday ceremonies, etc.) as pagan and idolatrous. Those members who are caught partic i pating in such holi days can be disfellowshipped.

Each King dom Hall has five meet ings per week, which all con gre gation mem bers are ex pected to at tend. The Public Talk is usu ally held each Sunday, and the Watch tower Study normally follows, while the Theocratic Ministry School is usu ally a week day eve ning meet ing, fol lowed by the Ser vice Meet ing. Each Wit ness is also re quired to attend a weekly Book Study in addition to his or her own field work, and these book studies may be con ducted by the Wit ness. The field work can not be ne glected, since "every one of the Wit nesses, whether serving at the world headquar ters, in branches, or in congregations, does this fieldwork of person ally telling others about God's King dom

# **Doctrinal Error**

# **Trinity**

Je ho vah's Wit nesses deny the trin ity, claiming that it is not log i cal to be lieve that there are three Gods in One. However, Bible be lieving Christians do not be lieve that there are "three gods in one" (*Let God Be True*, 100), but *do* be lieve that there are three Per sons all of the same Being or Substance—coequal, coexistent, and coeternal.

For ex am ple, God said in Genesis 1:26, "Let us make man in our image, after our like ness," not in my image, after my likeness. Here plurality is seen, God speaking to His coeternal Son (Christ) and addressing Him as an equal. Genesis 11:7, with reference to the Tower of Babel, also supports the Tri une God doc trine. Here God, speaking as an equal to His Son, de clares, "Let us go down and there confound their language"—again, plurality and equal dis-

course. In the face of all these texts, the Watchtower is strangely si lent. Still, they de clare that "there is no basis for concluding that the Holy Spirit is a per son."

The fact that the Holy Spirit is de scribed as pos sess ing an ac tive will ("If I go not away, the Comforter will not come unto you," John 16:7), which is the most concrete trait of a distinct per son ality, and that He is said to exercise the characteristics of a teacher (John 16:8), apparently all falls on deaf ears where the Watch tower is concerned.

#### Diety of Je sus Christ

The de ity of Christ is a prime an swer to Je ho vah's Witnesses, for since the Trin ity is a re al ity and Je sus and Je hovah are "One" and the same, then the whole frame work of the cult col lapses.

1.(a) Isa iah 7:14. "There fore the Lord [Je ho vah] himself shall give you a sign; Be hold, a vir gin shall con ceive, and bear a son, and shall call his name Imman uel" (literally, "God" or "Jehovah with us," since Jehovah is the only God)

(b) Isaiah 9:6. "For unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given: and the government shall be upon his shoulder: and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, The mighty God, The ever lasting Father, The Prince of Peace."

- (c) Mi cah 5:2 "But thou, Beth le hem Ephratah, though thou be lit tle among the thou sands of Ju dah, yet out of thee shall he come forth unto me that is to be ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old, from everlasting."
- 2. John 1:1. "In the beginning [or "origin," Greek, arche] was the Word, [Logos] and the Word was with God, and the Word was God [theos]."
- 3. *John 5:18*. "[He] said also that God was his Fa ther, making him self equal with God."
- 4. *John 20:28*. "Thomas an swered and said unto him, [Je sus} My Lord and my God."

We see, then, that our Lord was equal with God the Father and the Holy Spirit in His di vine na ture, though in fe rior (as a man), by choice, in His hu man na ture as the last Adam (John 14:28; 1 Co rin thi ans 15:45–47).

#### **The Resurrection of Christ**

Jehovah's Witnesses deny the bodily resurrection of the Lord Je sus Christ and claim that He was raised a "di vine spirit be ing" or as an "in vis i ble spirit crea ture." They state that Je sus sim ply took hu man forms as He needed them, which en abled Him to be seen, for as the *Word [Logos]*He would have been in vis i ble to the hu man eye. In short, Je sus did not ap pear in the *same* form that hung upon the cross since that body either "dissolved into gases or ... is preserved some where as the grand me mo rial of God's love." This, in spite of Paul's direct refutation in 1 Tim o thy 2:5, where he calls "the man Christ Jesus" our only media tor—some thirty years after the resurrection! Christ him self proph e sied His own bodily resur rection, and John tells us

"He spake of the tem ple of His body" (John 2:21).

# The Physical Return of Christ

Je ho vah's Wit nesses de clare that Christ re turned to the tem ple in 1914 and cleansed it by 1918 for judg ment upon sinful men and Satan's organizations. They affirm that since He did not rise physically, neither will Here turn physically.

The phys i cal re turn of Christ is the "blessed hope" of Bi ble be liev ing Chris tians (Titus 2:13), and the language used to por tray its vis i ble certainty is most ex plicit. In Titus The language is self-explanatory. When the Lord returns with His saints, "ev ery eye shall see Him" (Mat thew 24:30, cf. Revelation 1:7). How then can Jehovah's Witnesses claim that He has al ready re turned but is in vis i ble? The answer is they can not and still re main hon est scrip tur ally. To fur ther es tab lish these great truths, the apos tle Paul writing to Tim o thy in 1 Tim o thy 6:14 clearly states that the Lord Jesus will appear physically. In 1 Thessalonians 4:16–17 the Lord's re turn is re vealed as being visible and au dible, not in visible as Jehovah's Witnesses affirm. The doc trine of the physical return of Christ can not be de nied with out also denying God's Word.

#### **Hell and Eternal Punishment**

Je ho vah's Wit ness teach that hell (sheol) is lit er ally "the grave," the place where mor tals await the res ur rec tion. Je hovah's Wit nesses de scribe death as being un con scious ness or extinction. Death in the biblical sense al ways means sep a ration and never means ex tinc tion or an ni hi lation. "The soul that sinneth ... it shall die" (Ezekiel 18:4) is a ref er ence to the time when Adam sinned and his soul be came separated from God in the sense of fellowship—and consequently, as a result of sin, all men die or are sep a rated from God by Adam's as well as their own sins. But God has pro vided a rec on cili a tion for us in the per son of His Son, and we are "born again," re gen er ated and rec on ciled to God by the sac ri fice of His Son "in whom we have re demption through his blood, even the for give ness of sins" (Colossians 1:14, cf. John 3:3-7, 15-16; 2 Corin thi ans 5:17–21). So then death is not ex tinc tion but con scious ex istence, as is dem on strated in Mat thew 17:1-3, when Mo ses and Eli jah talked with Christ. Mo ses' body was dead but Mo ses as a liv ing soul spoke to Christ, and he was alive and con scious! Sub stanti ating all this is Christ's own declaration, "I am the resurrection, and the life; he that be liev eth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live: And who so ever liveth and be lieveth in me shall never die" (John 11:25–26). There fore, death is only the sep a ration be tween, not the extinction of, per son alities (Isa iah 59:1–2; see also 2 Co rin thi ans 5:8).

For to me to live is Christ, and to die is gain. But if I live in the flesh, this is the fruit of my la bour: yet what I shall choose I wot not. For I am in a strait be twixt two, hav ing a de sire to de part, and to be with Christ; which is far better. Philippians 1:21-23

# Witnessing

to

# Jehovah's Witnesses and the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society

But though we, or an an gel from heaven, preach any other gos pel unto you than that which we have preached unto you, let him be ac cursed. As we said be fore, so say I now again, If any man preach any other gos pel unto you than that ye have re ceived, let him be ac cursed.

Galatians 1:8-9

By Dr. Gail E. Terrell

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